DEEP RIVER TOWNSHIP ARENAC COUNTY STATE OF MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL REPORT
WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

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REPORT LETTER

January 5, 2013

To The Township Board Deep River Township Arenac County Sterling, Michigan 48659

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Government Activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Deep River Township as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, which collectively comprise the Township's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Deep River Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with United States generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Government Activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Deep River Township as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 21 through 23 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Government Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To The Township Board Deep River Township January 5, 2013 Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Deep River Township's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, it is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

QUAST, JANKE AND COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Zewet, Jank and Conjung

Quast, Janke and Company, P.C.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

January 5, 2013

Township Board Township of Deep River P.O. Box 440 Sterling, Michigan 48659

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Deep River as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Township of Deep River's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township of Deep River's internal Control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Deep River's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented,

Township Board January 5, 2013 Page 2

or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be significant deficiencies:

- 1. <u>Lack of Segregation of Duties –</u> The relatively small number of people involved in the accounting functions of the Township and the design of the accounting system as developed by the state make it difficult to adequately segregate duties. Segregation of accounting duties is a fundamental method of strengthening internal control. However, in deciding what internal control procedures should be implemented, the Board has considered the costs of implementing them and weighed those costs against the benefits to be derived from their implementation and determined that it is in the best interest of the government not to add additional staff.
- 2. Lack of Adequate Controls to Produce Full Disclosure GAAP Basis Financial Statements. All Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a responsibility of the government's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the government has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the government's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its *external* auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the government's *internal* controls.

This condition was caused by the government's decision that it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required for the government to perform this task internally. As a result of this condition, the government lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

The government has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interest of the government to outsource this task to its external auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Township Board January 5, 2013 Page 3

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township of Deep River's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Township of Deep River's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. We did not audit the Township's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Zewet, Jank and Conjung

Deep River Township Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Deep River Township's Annual Financial Report presents our discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Deep River Township financially as a whole. The government-wide Financial Statements provide information about the activities of Deep River Township, presenting both an aggregate view of the Township's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds – the General Fund, Road Fund, Cemetery Fund with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net assets, presents financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as an agent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD &A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)

Budgetary Information for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the Township as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Township is, "As a whole, what is the Township's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Township's financial statements, report information on the Township as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

These two statements report the Township's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net assets – as one way to measure the Township's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net assets – as reported in the statement of activities – are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Township's operating results. However, the Township's goal is to provide services to our residents, not to generate profits as commercial entities do.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the Township, which encompass all of the Township's services, including legislative, general government, public safety, public works and culture and recreation. Property taxes, special assessments, and unrestricted State shared revenue finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The Township's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Township as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Township establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the Township use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds – All of the Township's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Township and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The Township as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the Township as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets as of June 30, 2012 and 2011:

TABLE 1:	Government e 30, 2012	al Activities June 30, 2011
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets – Net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 509,608 280,838	\$ 480,092 <u>267,363</u>
Total assets Liabilities: Current Liabilities	 790,446 34,942	747,455 <u>26,670</u>
Net Assets: Invested in property and equipment Restricted Unrestricted	280,838 112,126 362,540	267,363 66,716 386,706
Total net assets	\$ 755,504	\$ 720,785

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The above analysis focuses on the net assets (see Table 1). The change in net assets (see Table 2) of the Township's governmental activities is discussed below. The Township's net assets were \$755,504 at June 30, 2012. Capital assets reflect the original cost, less depreciation of the Township's capital assets. The net assets, \$68,733, of the fund (Garbage) funded by special assessments is restricted. The remaining amount of net assets \$362,540 was unrestricted.

The \$755,504 in restricted and unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net assets from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the Township as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

TABLE 2:

	Governmental Activities				
	June 30, 2012			June 30, 2011	
Revenue:					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services	\$	6,010	\$	10,522	
Grants, contributions and other		57,075		1,750	
General revenue:					
Property taxes		73,065		69,150	
Special assessments		123,360		123,480	
State shared revenue		130,876		94,065	
Other		9,856	_	29,182	
Total revenue		400,242		328,149	
Function/Program Expenses:					
Legislative		37,364		30,779	
General Government		97,850		106,478	
Public Safety		26,270		12,193	
Public Works		186,821		148,176	
Cultural and Recreation		836		1,794	
Other		4,633		4,783	
Depreciation		11,749		10,454	
Total expenses	_	365,523	_	314,657	
Increase in net Assets	\$	34,719	<u>\$</u>	13,492	

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$365,523. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefitted from the program or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$73,065 in taxes, \$123,360 in special assessments, \$130,876 in State shared revenue, and with our other revenues, such as interest and other.

The Township experienced an increase in net assets of \$34,719. The increase in net assets differs from the change in fund balance and reconciliation appears on page 11.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Township's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and State shared revenues constitute the majority of Township operating revenue sources, the Board of Trustees must annually evaluate the needs of the Township and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Township's Funds

As we noted earlier, the Township uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Township is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Township's overall financial health.

As the Township completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$474,666, which is an increase of \$21,244 from last year. The General Fund, our principal operating fund, the balance increased \$19,227. Overall, actual General Fund revenues were within 107% of budgeted amounts, and expenditures were within 101.5% of budgeted amounts.

The Garbage Fund fund balance increased \$2,017.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township revises its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the Township's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements. Changes to the original budgets were as follows:

All Budgeted Funds -

There were no budget amendments.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, the Township had \$636,085 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and disposals) of \$25,224.

	<u>2012</u>	2011
Land and buildings Buildings and improvements Vehicles Equipment	\$ 137,709 236,835 162,892 98,649	\$ 112,485 236,835 162,892 98,649
Total capital assets	636,085	610,861
Less accumulated depreciation	355,247	343,498
	<u>\$ 280,838</u>	\$ 267,363

This year's additions of \$25,224 consisted the paving of a "Nature Trail" and playground construction.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials consider many factors when setting the Township's 2013 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is the State of Michigan's economy and cuts may be forthcoming in 2013.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Township's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Deep River Township, 511 State St, Sterling, MI 48659.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2012 and 2011

		June 30,		
		2012	2011	
ASSETS:				
Cash	\$	434,777 \$	469,290	
Other receivables		1,665	914	
Due from State		18,853	0	
Due from other funds		8,904	8,849	
Prepaid expense		45,409	1,039	
Capital assets		636,085	610,861	
Accumulated depreciation		(355,247)	(343,498)	
Total Assets		790,446	747,455	
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities		26,930	19,976	
Other	_	8,012	6,694	
Total Liabilities		34,942	26,670	
NET ASSETS:				
Investment in capital assets net of related debt (None)		280,838	267,363	
Restricted		112,126	66,716	
Unrestricted		362,540	386,706	
Total Net Assets	\$	755,504 \$	720,785	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

						Net (Expenses)	ntal Activities Revenues and Net Assets
		-	Program	Re			
					Operating	Total	-
		Evnances	Charges for Services		Grants/ Contributions	Years Ended	d June 30, 2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:		Expenses	Services		Contributions		2011
Legislative	\$	37,364	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ (37,364) \$	(30,779)
General Government		97,850	6,010		1,750	(90,090)	(81,725)
Public Safety		26,270	0		0	(26,270)	(12,193)
Public Works		186,821	0		0	(186,821)	(148,176)
Culture and Recreation		836	0		55,325	54,489	(1,794)
Other		4,633	0		0	(4,633)	(4,783)
Depreciation		11,749	0		0	(11,749)	(10,454)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	365,523	\$ 6,010	\$	57,075	(302,438)	(289,904)
GENERAL PURPOSE REVENUES:							
Property taxes						73,065	69,150
Special Assessment - Garbage						123,360	123,480
State shared revenues						130,876	94,065
Investment earnings						6,049	5,740
Other						3,807	10,961
Total General Purpose Revenue	s					337,157	303,396
Change in Net Assets						34,719	13,492
Net Assets - Beginning of Year						720,785	707,293
Net Assets - End of Year						\$ 755,504 \$	720,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2012 and 2011

				Tot	al Ju	ıne 30,
	GENERAL		GARBAGE	2012		2011
ASSETS:						
Cash in bank \$	355,823	\$	78,954	\$ 434,777	\$	469,289
Accounts receivable	1,665		0	1,665		914
Due from State	18,853		0	18,853		0
Due from other Funds	8,904		0	8,904		8,926
Prepaid expense	45,409		0	45,409		1,039
TOTAL ASSETS \$	430,654	\$	78,954	\$ 509,608	\$	480,168
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable \$	16,709	\$	10,221	\$ 26,930	\$	19,978
Accrued salaries & wages	5,648	-	0	5,648		4,303
Payroll taxes	1,724		0	1,724		1,791
Due to other funds	0		0	0		77
Other liabilities	640		0	640		600
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,721		10,221	34,942		26,749
FUND EQUITY:						
Nonspendable	45,409		0	45,409		66,716
Restricted	0		68,733	68,733		
Unassigned	405,933		0	405,933		386,706
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	451,342		0	451,342		453,422
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUIT' \$	476,063	\$	10,221	\$ 486,284	\$	480,171

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS $\underline{\text{June 30, 2012}}$

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 474,666

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because -

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:

Capital assets at cost 636,085
Accumulated depreciation (355,247)

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

755,504

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

Totals Years Ended June 30, GENERAL **GARBAGE** 2012 2011 **REVENUES:** 0 \$ \$ 73,065 \$ Taxes 73,065 69,150 Special Assessments 123,360 123,360 123,480 0 Licenses & Permits 5,040 2,967 0 2,967 State Grants 94,065 130,876 0 130,876 Contributions from Local Units 1,750 0 1,750 1,750 Charges for Services 6,010 0 6,010 10,522 Interest and Rentals 6,049 0 6,049 5,740 Chippewa Tribal grants 5,064 0 5,064 12,481 **Donations** 50,261 0 50,261 0 Other Revenue 840 0 840 5,922 **Total Revenues** 123,360 276,882 400,242 328,150 **EXPENDITURES:** Legislative 37,364 0 37.364 30.779 General Government 102,484 0 102,484 116,678 **Public Safety** 21,134 21,134 12,192 0 Public Works 65,477 121,343 186,820 148.176 Cultural and Recreation 26,059 26,059 22,005 0 Payroll Taxes 0 4,783 5,137 5,137 **Total Expenditures** 257,655 121,343 378,998 334,613 **EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES** 19,227 2,017 21,244 (6,463)FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year 386,706 66,716 453,422 459,885 FUND BALANCE - End of Year 474,666 \$ 405,933 \$ 68,733 \$ 453,422

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2012

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	21,244
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because -		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated lives as depreciation:		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	_	(11,749) 25,224
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	34,719

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2012 and 2011

		Trust &	Current Tax		Tot	als
	-	Agency	Collections	2012		2011
ASSETS: Cash in bank	\$	7,508	\$ 1,396	\$ 8,904	\$	8,890
LIABILITIES: Due to General Fund Due to others	\$	7,508 0	\$ 1,396	\$ 8,904	\$	8,850 40
	\$	7,508	\$ 1,396	\$ 8,904	\$	8,890

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2012</u>

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Deep River Township is located in Arenac County and is operated under an elected Board of Trustees (5 members) and provides services to its residents in many areas. The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY:

In evaluating how to define the Township for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB No. 14. The basic - but not the only - criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of the ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Township is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the Township's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Statements - The Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes taxes and unrestricted State aid.

Fund-based Statements - Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within approximately 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Fiduciary Fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Garbage Fund - The Garbage Fund is used to record special assessments used to provide garbage collection in the Township.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds".

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1, of the following year. These taxes are due on February 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the County tax rolls.

Prepaid Items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both entity-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

Buildings, equipment, land improvements and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions
Vehicles
Office furnishings
Other equipment

20-50 years
5 years
5-20 years
5-20 years

Fund Equity – Beginning with the year ended March 31, 2012 the Township implemented GASB statements 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The Statement provided more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed upon a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- Non-spendable amounts that are not in a spendable form such as inventory.
- Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself.
- Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose.
- Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose, positive amounts are only reported in general fund.

Compensated Absences - There is no liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements since no township employees are provided with sick or vacation pay benefits.

Long term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. There are no long-term liabilities.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and State law for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Township to have its budget in place by April 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits entities to amend their budgets during the year. There were no significant amendments during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL1 June 30, 2012

NOTE 3. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS:

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds -

Garbage Fund –	Budget	Actual_	Variance
Assessor Highway, Streets & Bridges Street Lighting Cultural and recreation	\$ 20,300 36,380 1,950 13,140	\$ 21,363 48,749 1,968 26,059	\$ 1,063 12,369 18 12,919
Garbage – Public Works	121,080	121,343	263

Fund Deficits - The Township had no accumulated fund balance deficits.

Deposits of the Township are carried at cost and maintained at Citizens Bank, Independent Bank and Chemical Band, federally insured banks.

State statutes and the Township's investment policy authorize the Township to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the Township is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the Township's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	Lotal Primary
	Activities	Funds	Government
Cash	\$ 434,777	\$ 8,904	\$ 443,681

The Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3 requires the amount of total bank balances to be classified in one of three categories of credit risk. These categories are:

- (1) Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency in the entity's name.
- (3) Uncollateralized (This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent by not in the entity's name). Bank deposits including certificates of deposit:

	Primary
	Government
Category 1.	\$ 267,618
Category 2.	-
Category 3.	<u> 176,063</u>
Total Bank Balances	<u>\$ 443,681</u>
Carrying Amount	<u>\$ 443,681</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity of the Township's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	July 1, 2011		Additions	Dispo	<u>osals</u>	June 30, 2012
Land and improvements	\$ 112,485	\$	25,224	\$	-	\$ 137,709
Buildings and improvements	236,835		-		-	236,835
Vehicles	162,892		-		-	162,892
Equipment	 98,649		<u>-</u>			98,649
Total Capital Assets	610,861		25,224		-	636,085
Accumulated Depreciation						
Land and improvements	15,131		3,489		-	18,620
Buildings and improvements	85,093		5,052		-	90,145
Vehicles	162,892		-		-	162,892
Equipment	 80,382		3,208			<u>83,590</u>
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	 343,498	_	11,749			355,247
Net Capital Assets	\$ 267,363	<u>\$</u>	13,475	\$		<u>\$ 280,838</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the Township as follows:

Governmental activities \$ 11,749

NOTE 5. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, errors, omissions, employee injuries, and workman's compensation benefits.

The Township has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, errors and omissions, physical damage for equipment, buildings and contents and workers compensation. Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past 3 years. There was no reduction in coverage obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS:

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>		Interfund Receivable	<u>Fund</u>		Interfund Payable
General Fund General Fund	\$ \$	1,396 7,508 8,904	Current Tax Collections Trust and Agency	\$ \$	1,396 7,508 8,904

DEEP RIVER TOWNSHIP ARENAC County, Michigan

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2012</u>

NOTE 7. PENSION PLAN:

Deep River Township has a defined contribution plan for employees other than elected officials or part-time workers, through Manulife. A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the amount earned on investments of these contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account.

The Township's pension plan agreement specified which Township positions are covered by the plan. Contributions made by an employee and the Township vest immediately. An employee that leaves the employment of the Township is entitled to his or hear account balance consisting of the employee and Township contributions, as well as earnings in the account. Effective January 1, 2008, the Township contribution was reduced to 1% of annual compensation for elected officials and 7.5% for other covered employees.



BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Original Budget		Final Amended Budget		Actual
REVENUES:			_		_	
Taxes	\$	69,700	\$	69,700	\$	73,065
Licenses & Permits		2,000		2,000		2,967
State Grants		105,000		105,000		130,876
Contributions from Local Units		1,750		1,750		1,750
Charges for Services		20,250		20,250		6,010
Interest and Rentals		4,860		4,860		6,049
Other Revenues	_	55,390	_	55,390	_	56,165
Total Revenues		258,950		258,950		276,882
EXPENDITURES:						
Legislative		44,200		44,200		37,364
General Government		121,920		121,920		97,850
Public Safety		26,600		26,600		26,270
Public Works		55,730		55,730		65,478
Cultural and Recreation		13,140		13,140		26,059
Other	_	0	_	0	_	4,633
Total Expenditures	_	261,590	· <u>-</u>	261,590	_	257,654
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,640)		(2,640)		19,228
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	386,705	_	386,705	_	386,705
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	384,065	\$_	384,065	\$_	405,933

BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GARBAGE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES:	-	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual
Special Assessments	\$	123,720	\$ 123,720	\$ 123,360
EXPENDITURES: Public Works	-	121,080	121,080	121,343
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,640	2,640	2,017
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	66,716	66,716	66,716
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	69,356	\$ 69,356	\$ 68,733



GENERAL FUND TATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		Year Ended June 3 2012 20		June 30, 2011
REVENUES:				
Taxes -	ሱ	45.040	Φ	40.040
Current tax levy Delinquent taxes	\$	45,942 975	\$	46,019 90
Swamp & Forest		3,631		1,210
Administration fees	_	22,517	_	21,831
Total Taxes		73,065		69,150
Licenses & Permits - Building Permits		2,967		5,040
State Grants -		120.076		04.065
Sales tax		130,876		94,065
Contributions from Local Units - Adams Township		1,750		1,750
Charges for Services -				
Cemetary services		5,985		10,522
Other	_	25	-	0
Total Charges for Services		6,010		10,522
Interest and Rentals -				
Interest earned		1,498		2,228
Oil royalties		3,271		2,032
Rents	_	1,280	-	1,480
Total Interest and Rentals		6,049		5,740
Other Revenue -				
Chippewa Tribal grants		5,064		12,481
Donations		50,261		1,372
Other	_	840	-	4,550
Total Other		56,165	-	18,403
Total Revenues		276,882		204,670
EXPENDITURES		257,655	-	213,323
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		19,227		(8,653)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		386,706	-	395,359
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$_	405,933	\$	386,706

GENERAL FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		Year Er 2012	nded .	June 30, 2011
LEGISLATIVE:	_			
Township Board -				
Trustees' salaries	\$	7,800	\$	7,394
Legal & professional		4,289		0
Membership dues		2,373		2,341
Printing and publishing		447		1,329
Retirement		1,591		316
Seminars and conventions		7,810		4,182
Travel		2,908		2,374
Supplies and other costs		4,474		4,852
Insurance		5,672		4,866
Capital outlay	_	0		3,125
Total Legislative		37,364		30,779
GENERAL GOVERNMENT: Supervisor -				
Salary		7,800		7,800
Supplies and other costs	_	138	_	258
Total Supervisor		7,938		8,058
Elections -				
Wages		716		1,423
Supplies and other costs	-	267		1,575
Total Elections		983		2,998
Assessor -				
Contracted services		20,128		15,576
Supplies and other costs		1,235		5,336
Capital outlay	-	0	_	6,012
Total Assessor		21,363		26,924
Clerk -				
Salary		12,000		12,000
Deputy Clerk		630		594
Supplies and other costs	_	0		324
Total Clerk		12,630		12,918
Board of Review -				
Salaries		1,845		1,416

GENERAL FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		Year Ende	ed June 30, 2011
EVDENDITUDES (CONT.):	-	2012	2011
EXPENDITURES (CONT.):			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (CONT.):			
Treasurer -	•	44047 0	4.4.0.40
Salary	\$	14,847 \$,
Deputy Treasurer		2,232	2,196
Supplies and other costs	-	7,212	7,954
Total Treasurer		24,291	24,998
Township Hall -			
Utilities		5,811	7,242
Telephone		962	1,953
Repairs and maintenance		8,083	6,044
Supplies and other costs		194	910
Capital outlay	-	0	2,392
Total Township Hall		15,050	18,541
Cemetary -			
Wages		10,792	12,950
Utilities		219	265
Repairs and maintenance		4,633	6,882
Supplies and other costs	-	2,740	728
Total Cemetary	-	18,384	20,825
Total General Government		102,484	116,678
PUBLIC SAFETY:			
Building Inspector -			
Salary		2,584	4,686
Supplies and other costs	-	615	1,411
Total Building Inspector		3,199	6,097

GENERAL FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		Year End 2012	ded June 30, 2011
EXPENDITURES (CONT.):	-	2012	
Zoning & Planning			
Salaries	\$	3,860	5,810
Contract services		14,000	0
Supplies and other costs	-	75	285
Total Zoning & Planning	-	17,935	6,095
Total Public Safety		21,134	12,192
PUBLIC WORKS:			
Highway, Streets and Bridges -			
Routine maintenance		48,749	9,941
Street Lighting -			
Utilities		1,968	1,788
Drain-at-large	-	14,760	15,157
Total Public Works		65,477	26,886
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL:			
Park -			
Supplies and other costs		427	507
Repairs & maintenance		408	1,287
Capital outlay	-	25,224	20,211
Total Cultural and Recreational		26,059	22,005
OTHER:			
Payroll taxes	-	5,137	4,783
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ _	257,655	\$213,323